

1975

Britain May Find It Necessary To Retain Ships in the Far East

London.—Parliament today took two hours after hearing to Japan Minister Chamberlain warn Japan that Great Britain might find it necessary to retain certain merchant ships in the Far East.

The prime minister, who said the British declaration he has made on Anglo-Japanese difficulties, said he hoped no one would think that the latest of the question for such "retention" was "as a threat."

"I say that as a warning," Mr. Chamberlain's speech was made against the background of news from Italy that Japan's closer relations to the Rome-Berlin axis was under discussion by the Japanese government to the axis power.

Mr. Chamberlain indicated Britain might have sent warships to the Far East, but it had been for the critical European situation.

"Let us not forget that we have grown and never prospered as a nation in the course of the last few years," he declared, "but we must conserve our forces to meet any emergency that may arise."

Speaking on foreign affairs before the House of Commons, Mr. Chamberlain said:

"I am glad to hear members say, 'Why don't you do the same as the Chinese do?' It is not necessary for me to point to the fundamental difference between the Chinese and the Japanese in Europe and this country."

"In the presence of these new and serious changes which have been inflicted upon British people by the Japanese, it is not necessary for me to say that we are not at this time to help our people."

"At the present moment we have been told that the Japanese have sent a small fleet here. In certain circumstances we might have to be ready to send a fleet out there."

(British normally maintain in the Far East a small fleet of capital ships, including one battleship, one cruiser, and one destroyer.)

Perry noted the squadron includes 30,000-ton cruiser, one 10,000-ton cruiser, one 5,000-ton destroyer, and eight ships, 15 submarines, about 20 river gunboats and several smaller ships, including a submarine and ship.

Japan has, however, built a great naval base at Singapore, two or three days' steaming from the Japanese home islands, and is preparing the largest battleships.

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Strengthen Navy

Britain Will Add 180 New Vessels

London.—Geoffrey Shakespeare, financial secretary to the admiralty, announced today that the Royal Navy of Great Britain would add 180 vessels, mostly smaller craft such as trawlers, to the 1938 naval construction program. The addition, he said, would be made by increasing the number of trawlers for minesweeping and anti-submarine work. Twenty of these would be specially built and the remainder purchased and converted.

The government also plans to construct 50 vessels of the white packer type, some for service as patrol vessels and others for anti-submarine work.

Other new vessels would include 10 minelayers, six boom minesweepers and one cable ship.

A fleet of 180 new vessels, mostly small craft up to 5,000 tons already has been purchased, he announced, and the remainder will be specially designed and built and provision for building the total will be made in a supplementary budget estimate.

Mr. Shakespeare estimated the cost of the new vessels at about \$31,000,000.

In reply to a question, he said the naval vessel building program would continue to be governed by the requirements at the beginning of the year.

"We cannot depart from that which we are bound by a treaty of limitation," he said.

Wheat Quota Plan

United States Would Confer on Export

London.—It was learned that Ray Atherton, Canadian minister of agriculture, is expected to be invited to the "Big Four" world conference on wheat, which is being held in London, to discuss a quota scheme for the exportation of wheat from Canada, the United States, Argentina and the Argentine.

Under the proposed agreement Canada would export 40 per cent, of the world's wheat, the United States 35 per cent, and Argentina 25 per cent.

The "big four" would export 45 per cent, of the world's wheat, the United States 35 per cent, and Argentina 25 per cent.

It is understood that Australia and Argentina are demanding a larger share of the world's wheat, but the United States is asking for 21 per cent, and Argentina for 25 per cent.

It was also understood that the chairman of the conference had suggested that the United States should be given a larger share of the world's wheat, but the United States is asking for 21 per cent, and Argentina for 25 per cent.

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Mortgage Bank

Western Man, E. M. Johnson, Appointed Superintendent

Ottawa.—E. M. Johnson, superintendent of farm mortgages in the United States, has been appointed superintendent of the Central Mortgage Bank, it was announced here.

Mr. Johnson was born and educated in the United States and came to Canada in 1910. After four years' experience he joined the staff of the mortgage bank in July, 1918.

He was appointed assistant director of the bank in 1922. Since 1922 and until he became associated with the mortgage bank in July, 1918, he was superintendent for the mortgage bank in the provinces of Ontario, Quebec, and Manitoba.

"His experience in these positions has given him a comprehensive estimate knowledge of mortgage conditions and problems affecting western farmers," says the brief statement accompanying the announcement.

Dr. Leslie E. Howlett, Ottawa, of the National Mortgage Bank, has been appointed director of the bank, it was announced here.

Dr. Howlett was born and educated in the United States and came to Canada in 1910. After four years' experience he joined the staff of the mortgage bank in July, 1918.

He was appointed assistant director of the bank in 1922. Since 1922 and until he became associated with the mortgage bank in July, 1918, he was superintendent for the mortgage bank in the provinces of Ontario, Quebec, and Manitoba.

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Movement Has Started

German Families Going From Italy To Tyrol To East Prussia

Berlin.—Two thousand German families from Italy's east Prussia have begun moving to East Prussia in accordance with Rome's recent decree compelling foreign residents from the Upper Adige border zone, it was learned here.

Tyrol leaders were said to have carried their protest to Chancellor Brüning, but the protest was an unsuccessful attempt to save their homes.

The German families in Italy in the Tyrol has been closed by the Nazis.

Official sources said the closing was the result of "unmanagement" of the German families in Italy.

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Growing Strength Of Peace Front May Be Means Of Averting War

Arctic Air Route

Canadian Airline Contenders To Be Held At Ottawa

Washington.—The Canadian Airline Contenders to be held at Ottawa, Canada, and Alaska and improving American Airline, the director of the Pacific Mail will be settled at a Canadian-American conference, it was learned here.

The conference will be held this week in the Canadian capital. The United States is sending three ships from the State Department, and four from the civil aeronautics administration.

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London.—On the eve of parliament's adjournment for two months the news, however, Vancouver Mail, cautioned Great Britain against any taking the world situation too lightly.

The foreign secretary told the house of lords in a foreign affairs debate that the government had no intention of making any move in the next few months may prove critical and "I cannot encourage anyone to find comfort in the situation in which the world stands today."

"I do not think the country is confined to the people in this anxiety," he continued. "It is for the people of all countries and therefore we cannot be complacent. It would be to our advantage with the facts and possibilities as we believe them to be."

But Sir Thomas, addressing a political gathering at Osh, Stanstead, said the government had no intention of making any move in the next few months may prove critical and "I cannot encourage anyone to find comfort in the situation in which the world stands today."

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